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(4*S*,5*S*)-2-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-1,3-dioxolane-4,5-dicarboxamide

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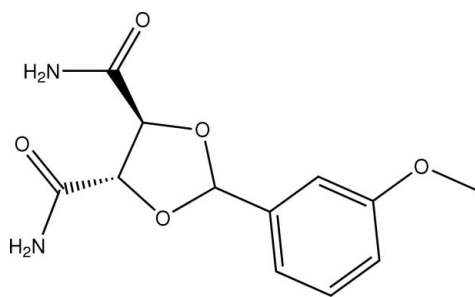
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; *T* = 294 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.006 Å; *R* factor = 0.050; *wR* factor = 0.132; data-to-parameter ratio = 8.1.

In the title compound, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, the five-membered ring adopts an envelope conformation. In the crystal structure, intermolecular N–H...O interactions link the molecules into a three-dimensional network. A weak C–H... $\pi$  interaction is also found.

Related literature

For general background, see: Kim *et al.* (1994); Pandey *et al.* (1997). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>  
*M<sub>r</sub>* = 266.25  
 Orthorhombic, *P*2<sub>1</sub>2<sub>1</sub>2<sub>1</sub>

*a* = 9.2340 (18) Å  
*b* = 9.852 (2) Å  
*c* = 14.266 (3) Å

*V* = 1297.8 (5) Å<sup>3</sup>  
*Z* = 4  
 Mo *K*α radiation

$\mu$  = 0.11 mm<sup>-1</sup>  
*T* = 294 K  
 0.30 × 0.20 × 0.20 mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer  
 Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan (North *et al.*, 1968)  
*T<sub>min</sub>* = 0.971, *T<sub>max</sub>* = 0.979  
 2599 measured reflections

1378 independent reflections  
 1157 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)  
*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.027  
 3 standard reflections  
 frequency: 120 min  
 intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$  = 0.050  
*wR*(*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.132  
*S* = 1.33  
 1378 reflections

170 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{max}$  = 0.31 e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{min}$  = -0.40 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> –H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H... <i>A</i>
N2–H2B...O5 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.33	3.076 (4)	145
N2–H2A...O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.13	2.926 (4)	153
N1–H1B...O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.31	3.045 (4)	143
N1–H1A...O5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.86	2.20	2.952 (4)	146
C9–H9A...Cg1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.82	3.640 (4)	141

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z$ ; (iii)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ . Cg1 is the centroid of the C2–C7 ring.

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2731).

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**supplementary materials**

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## (4*S*,5*S*)-2-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-1,3-dioxolane-4,5-dicarboxamide

D.-C. Wang, T. Ge, W.-Y. Wu, W. Xu and Z. Yang

### Comment

Antitumor platinum drug is one kind of the most effective anticancer agents currently available. (2*S*,3*S*)-Diethyl 2,3-*O*-alkyltartrate analogues are the starting materials for the syntheses of platinum complexes with antitumor activity (Kim *et al.*, 1994) and are also important intermediates in organic syntheses (Pandey *et al.*, 1997). As part of our studies on the syntheses and characterizations of these compounds, we report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

In the molecule of the title compound, (Fig. 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Ring A (C2-C7) is, of course, planar, while ring B (O2/O3/C8-C10) adopts envelope conformation with atom O2 displaced by 0.456 (3) Å from the plane of the other ring atoms.

In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H...O interactions (Table 1) link the molecules into a three-dimensional network (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure. A weak C—H... $\pi$  interaction (Table 1) is also found.

### Experimental

For the preparation of the title compound, a mixture of (2*S*,3*S*)-diethyl- tartrate (500 mg, 2.43 mmol), 3-methoxybenzaldehyde (331 mg, 2.43 mmol), anhydrous copper(II) sulfate (776 mg, 2.86 mmol) and one drop of methanesulfonic acid in anhydrous toluene (8 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 8 h. Anhydrous magnesium sulfate (30 mg) was added to the reaction mixture, which was then stirred for 20 min. Then, the resulting colorless precipitate was obtained by evaporation and dried in the vacuo (yield; 83%). The obtained colorless product (654 mg, 2 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous ethanol (40 ml), and a current of dry ammonia, dried by calcium chloride was passed into the reaction mixture at room temperature for 4 h. Then, the reaction mixture was filtered and the resulting product was evaporated to dryness. Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of a methanol solution after four weeks.

### Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically with N-H = 0.86 Å (for NH<sub>2</sub>) and C-H = 0.93, 0.98 and 0.96 Å for aromatic, methine and methyl H atoms, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C,N})$ , where  $x = 1.5$  for methyl H, and  $x = 1.2$  for all other H atoms. The absolute structure could not be determined reliably, and 986 Friedel pairs were averaged before the last cycle of refinement.

## Figures

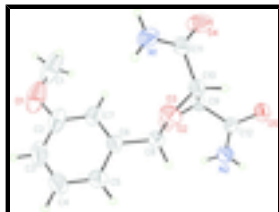


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title molecule with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level

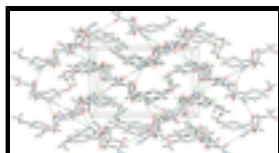


Fig. 2. A partial packing diagram. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

### (4*S*,5*S*)-2-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-1,3-dioxolane-4,5-dicarboxamide

#### Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{14}N_2O_5$

$M_r = 266.25$

Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$

Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab

$a = 9.2340$  (18) Å

$b = 9.852$  (2) Å

$c = 14.266$  (3) Å

$V = 1297.8$  (5) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F_{000} = 560$

$D_x = 1.363$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 9\text{--}13^\circ$

$\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 294$  K

Block, colorless

$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$  mm

#### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 294$  K

$\omega/2\theta$  scans

Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan  
(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.971$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.979$

2599 measured reflections

1378 independent reflections

1157 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.3^\circ$

$\theta_{\min} = 2.5^\circ$

$h = -11 \rightarrow 0$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -17 \rightarrow 0$

3 standard reflections

every 120 min

intensity decay: 1%

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.132$$

$$S = 1.33$$

1378 reflections

170 parameters

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0632P)^2 + 0.0799P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Extinction correction: none

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.6259 (4)	0.9009 (4)	-0.2515 (2)	0.085 (2)
O2	0.5311 (3)	0.7583 (2)	0.08959 (15)	0.0374 (6)
O3	0.7763 (3)	0.7304 (2)	0.10000 (19)	0.0431 (6)
O4	0.6719 (5)	0.3876 (3)	0.0578 (3)	0.0835 (13)
O5	0.5534 (3)	0.5637 (2)	0.30153 (17)	0.0495 (7)
N1	0.8069 (4)	0.5351 (3)	-0.0253 (2)	0.0600 (11)
H1A	0.8224	0.4786	-0.0701	0.072*
H1B	0.8429	0.6155	-0.0279	0.072*
N2	0.4593 (4)	0.7713 (3)	0.2737 (2)	0.0461 (8)
H2A	0.4389	0.7854	0.3317	0.055*
H2B	0.4395	0.8322	0.2324	0.055*
C1	0.5709 (6)	0.7727 (7)	-0.2635 (3)	0.093 (12)
H1C	0.5441	0.7602	-0.3280	0.140*
H1D	0.4871	0.7613	-0.2245	0.140*
H1E	0.6429	0.7069	-0.2466	0.140*
C2	0.6605 (5)	0.9407 (5)	-0.1622 (3)	0.0582 (12)
C3	0.7152 (6)	1.0709 (5)	-0.1530 (3)	0.0679 (15)
H3A	0.7253	1.1252	-0.2059	0.081*
C4	0.7541 (8)	1.1201 (4)	-0.0684 (4)	0.0788 (18)
H4A	0.7932	1.2068	-0.0638	0.095*
C5	0.7366 (6)	1.0431 (4)	0.0109 (3)	0.0581 (12)
H5A	0.7614	1.0782	0.0692	0.070*

## supplementary materials

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C6	0.6820 (4)	0.9131 (3)	0.0036 (2)	0.0380 (8)
C7	0.6436 (4)	0.8611 (4)	-0.0833 (2)	0.0444 (9)
H7A	0.6069	0.7735	-0.0883	0.053*
C8	0.6654 (4)	0.8314 (3)	0.0910 (2)	0.0355 (8)
H8A	0.6676	0.8918	0.1456	0.043*
C9	0.5521 (4)	0.6389 (3)	0.1436 (2)	0.0334 (8)
H9A	0.4904	0.5665	0.1186	0.040*
C10	0.7109 (4)	0.6039 (3)	0.1246 (3)	0.0385 (8)
H10A	0.7553	0.5695	0.1823	0.046*
C11	0.7276 (5)	0.4985 (4)	0.0474 (3)	0.0469 (10)
C12	0.5210 (4)	0.6565 (3)	0.2480 (3)	0.0349 (8)

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.076 (2)	0.142 (3)	0.0376 (13)	-0.018 (2)	-0.0052 (15)	0.0087 (18)
O2	0.0403 (13)	0.0370 (12)	0.0349 (12)	-0.0019 (11)	-0.0030 (12)	0.0073 (11)
O3	0.0365 (13)	0.0359 (12)	0.0569 (16)	0.0001 (11)	-0.0015 (12)	0.0047 (12)
O4	0.128 (3)	0.0379 (16)	0.084 (2)	-0.0130 (19)	0.065 (2)	-0.0087 (16)
O5	0.0698 (18)	0.0423 (13)	0.0363 (13)	0.0070 (14)	0.0056 (14)	0.0088 (11)
N1	0.084 (3)	0.0436 (18)	0.053 (2)	-0.0035 (19)	0.038 (2)	-0.0072 (16)
N2	0.0574 (19)	0.0420 (16)	0.0390 (17)	0.0054 (17)	0.0148 (15)	0.0005 (13)
C1	0.065 (3)	0.165 (7)	0.049 (2)	-0.063 (4)	0.031 (2)	-0.035 (4)
C2	0.047 (2)	0.093 (3)	0.0348 (19)	0.010 (3)	0.0024 (18)	0.009 (2)
C3	0.091 (4)	0.053 (3)	0.060 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.023 (2)
C4	0.136 (5)	0.034 (2)	0.066 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.046 (3)	0.008 (2)
C5	0.088 (3)	0.036 (2)	0.050 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.017 (2)	-0.0037 (18)
C6	0.044 (2)	0.0334 (17)	0.0366 (18)	0.0001 (15)	0.0056 (16)	0.0035 (15)
C7	0.043 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0388 (19)	-0.0026 (18)	0.0046 (18)	0.0007 (18)
C8	0.0388 (18)	0.0318 (16)	0.0360 (17)	0.0027 (14)	-0.0012 (17)	0.0020 (15)
C9	0.0400 (19)	0.0285 (16)	0.0318 (17)	-0.0028 (15)	-0.0019 (16)	0.0024 (13)
C10	0.044 (2)	0.0333 (17)	0.0381 (18)	0.0026 (16)	0.0075 (16)	0.0042 (15)
C11	0.059 (3)	0.0342 (18)	0.048 (2)	0.0034 (18)	0.023 (2)	0.0064 (16)
C12	0.0405 (19)	0.0309 (16)	0.0332 (15)	-0.0022 (15)	0.0019 (16)	-0.0011 (15)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

O1—C1	1.372 (7)	C2—C7	1.380 (5)
O1—C2	1.371 (5)	C2—C3	1.385 (7)
O2—C8	1.434 (4)	C3—C4	1.350 (8)
O2—C9	1.419 (4)	C3—H3A	0.9300
O3—C8	1.434 (4)	C4—C5	1.371 (6)
O3—C10	1.429 (4)	C4—H4A	0.9300
O4—C11	1.217 (5)	C5—C6	1.380 (5)
O5—C12	1.228 (4)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N1—C11	1.320 (5)	C6—C7	1.387 (5)
N1—H1A	0.8600	C6—C8	1.492 (5)
N1—H1B	0.8600	C7—H7A	0.9300
N2—C12	1.318 (4)	C8—H8A	0.9800

N2—H2A	0.8600	C9—C12	1.527 (5)
N2—H2B	0.8600	C9—C10	1.531 (5)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C9—H9A	0.9800
C1—H1D	0.9600	C10—C11	1.521 (5)
C1—H1E	0.9600	C10—H10A	0.9800
C2—O1—C1	117.8 (4)	C7—C6—C8	121.4 (3)
C9—O2—C8	106.9 (2)	C2—C7—C6	119.3 (4)
C10—O3—C8	109.0 (3)	C2—C7—H7A	120.3
C11—N1—H1A	120.0	C6—C7—H7A	120.3
C11—N1—H1B	120.0	O2—C8—O3	105.6 (2)
H1A—N1—H1B	120.0	O2—C8—C6	110.4 (3)
C12—N2—H2A	120.0	O3—C8—C6	112.1 (3)
C12—N2—H2B	120.0	O2—C8—H8A	109.6
H2A—N2—H2B	120.0	O3—C8—H8A	109.6
O1—C1—H1C	109.5	C6—C8—H8A	109.6
O1—C1—H1D	109.5	O2—C9—C12	114.2 (3)
H1C—C1—H1D	109.5	O2—C9—C10	102.8 (3)
O1—C1—H1E	109.5	C12—C9—C10	112.2 (3)
H1C—C1—H1E	109.5	O2—C9—H9A	109.1
H1D—C1—H1E	109.5	C12—C9—H9A	109.1
O1—C2—C7	124.7 (5)	C10—C9—H9A	109.1
O1—C2—C3	115.9 (4)	O3—C10—C11	112.0 (3)
C7—C2—C3	119.4 (4)	O3—C10—C9	104.6 (3)
C4—C3—C2	120.9 (4)	C11—C10—C9	112.3 (3)
C4—C3—H3A	119.5	O3—C10—H10A	109.3
C2—C3—H3A	119.5	C11—C10—H10A	109.3
C3—C4—C5	120.5 (4)	C9—C10—H10A	109.3
C3—C4—H4A	119.7	O4—C11—N1	125.1 (4)
C5—C4—H4A	119.7	O4—C11—C10	118.8 (3)
C4—C5—C6	119.6 (4)	N1—C11—C10	116.0 (3)
C4—C5—H5A	120.2	O5—C12—N2	124.9 (3)
C6—C5—H5A	120.2	O5—C12—C9	118.4 (3)
C5—C6—C7	120.2 (3)	N2—C12—C9	116.7 (3)
C5—C6—C8	118.4 (3)		
C1—O1—C2—C7	-0.1 (7)	C5—C6—C8—O3	-104.0 (4)
C1—O1—C2—C3	-179.8 (5)	C7—C6—C8—O3	76.1 (4)
O1—C2—C3—C4	-179.3 (5)	C8—O2—C9—C12	88.2 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	1.0 (8)	C8—O2—C9—C10	-33.7 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.7 (9)	C8—O3—C10—C11	114.2 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.6 (8)	C8—O3—C10—C9	-7.6 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.7 (7)	O2—C9—C10—O3	25.2 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C8	179.5 (5)	C12—C9—C10—O3	-98.0 (3)
O1—C2—C7—C6	-179.7 (4)	O2—C9—C10—C11	-96.5 (3)
C3—C2—C7—C6	-0.1 (6)	C12—C9—C10—C11	140.3 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.1 (6)	O3—C10—C11—O4	-177.2 (4)
C8—C6—C7—C2	179.8 (4)	C9—C10—C11—O4	-59.9 (5)
C9—O2—C8—O3	29.8 (3)	O3—C10—C11—N1	4.8 (5)
C9—O2—C8—C6	151.1 (3)	C9—C10—C11—N1	122.1 (4)

## supplementary materials

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C10—O3—C8—O2	-12.7 (3)	O2—C9—C12—O5	-171.1 (3)
C10—O3—C8—C6	-132.9 (3)	C10—C9—C12—O5	-54.6 (4)
C5—C6—C8—O2	138.5 (4)	O2—C9—C12—N2	9.5 (5)
C7—C6—C8—O2	-41.3 (4)	C10—C9—C12—N2	126.1 (3)

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H2B $\cdots$ O5 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.33	3.076 (4)	145
N2—H2A $\cdots$ O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.13	2.926 (4)	153
N1—H1B $\cdots$ O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.31	3.045 (4)	143
N1—H1A $\cdots$ O5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.86	2.20	2.952 (4)	146
C9—H9A $\cdots$ Cg1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.82	3.640 (4)	141

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z$ ; (iii)  $-x+3/2, -y+1, z-1/2$ ; (iv)  $-x, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ .



Fig. 1

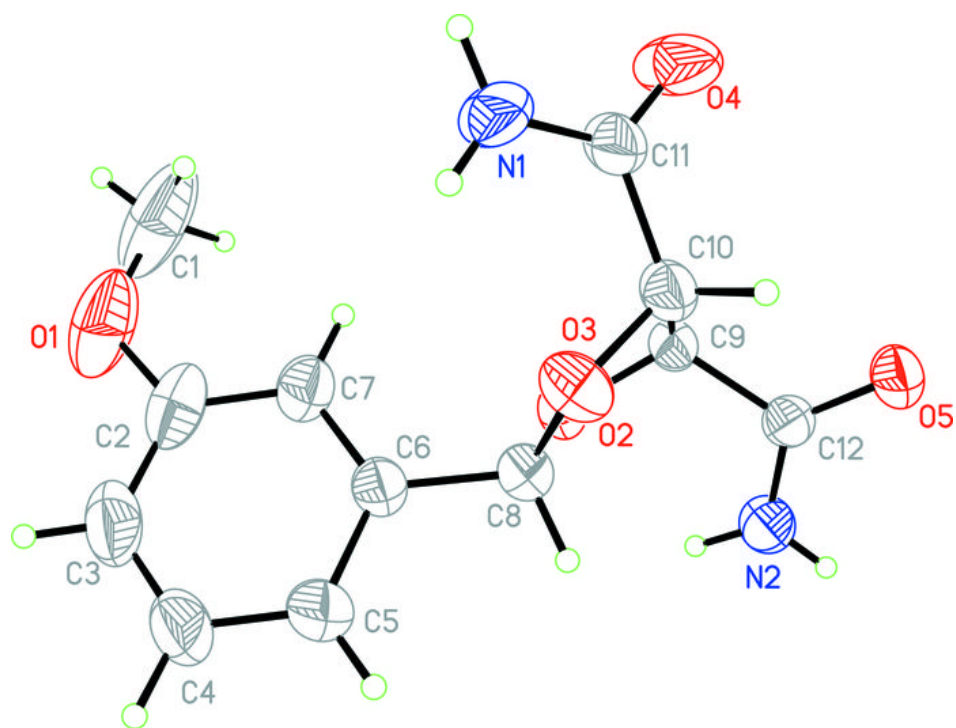


Fig. 2

